

A
COMPANION to the GUIDE,
AND A
GUIDE to the COMPANION:
BEING A
COMPLETE SUPPLEMENT
TO ALL THE
Accounts of OXFORD hitherto published.

CONTAINING,
An accurate Description of several HALLS, LIBRA-
RIES, SCHOOLS, PUBLIC EDIFICES, BUSTS, STATUES,
ANTIQUITIES, HIEROGLYPHICS, SEATS, GARDENS,
and other Curiosities, omitted or misrepresented, by
WOOD, HEARN, SALMON, PRINCE, POINTER, and
other eminent Topographers, Chronologers, Anti-
quarians, and Historians.

The Whole interspersed with
Original ANECDOTES, and interesting DISCOVERIES,
occasionally resulting from the Subject.

And embellished with perspective *Views* and *Elevations*, neatly engraved.

The THIRD EDITION, Corrected and Enlarged.

Avia Pieridum peragro loca: Nullius ante

Trita solo.

LUCRET. iv. 1.

L O N D O N:

Printed for H. PAYNE, at Dryden's Head, in Paternoster
Row; and sold by the Booksellers of OXFORD.

N 98 E 27



P R E F A C E.

IT is become an universal Complaint, that the Accounts of OXFORD, hitherto published, are full of Mistakes, and Misrepresentations.-----
ANTHONY WOOD was an Antiquarian and an Old Woman: Mr. SALMON, Author of the Present State of the Universities, is a Cambridge-Man: and that the Reverend Mr. POINTER, Rector of Slapton in Northamptonshire, was but little acquainted with our Academical Annals, is evident from his supposing the MALLARD of All-Souls College to be a GOOSE.

The judicious and ingenious Author of the Pocket Companion for Oxford, has, in some measure done Justice to this entertaining Subject: but perhaps he has copied some of his Predecessors too closely: On which Account, we are inclined to prefer the OXFORD GUIDE, as a more comprehensive and

original Work.-----But, notwithstanding, both these Authors, like the rest, out of Neglect or Ignorance, have omitted, among other Curiosities, several important Particulars, equally calculated to engage the Notice, and interest the Attention of Strangers.

To rectify these Mistakes, but more particularly to supply these Omissions, is the Design of the following Work. And we can venture to affirm, that the Book we now offer, when bound up with the Oxford Guide, will exhibit a more complete Survey of OXFORD than any yet extant.—— In a Word, that useful Performance, improved with the Accession of this necessary SUPPLEMENT, will give all the Satisfaction which an agreeable Subject can afford, or an inquisitive Curiosity can require.





A

Companion to the Guide, &c.



ANTIQUARIANS, in general, seem to have mistaken the etymology of *Bellofitum*, the reputed Roman name of the City of *Oxford*. The Reverend Mr. *Pointer*, in his manuscript notes on *Rishanger*, who flourished in the reign of Henry the Third, writes this word *Bulofitum*, and derives it from the Greek *Βουλη*, i. e. *The City of Wisdom*. This derivation I cannot entirely approve; but must own, that it has suggested a manner of spelling the word, which, I take to be right, viz. *Bullofitum*. — Mr. *Hearn* informs us, and indeed the common name *Oxford* implies the same, “ that a part of the river *Isis* near “ the town was the most considerable *Ford* “ in England for the passage of *Oxen*.” And

why not likewise for *Bulls*? — I readily agree with that judicious author, that *Oxford* is never written *Ouseford*, or *Isford*, in the Saxon annals, or in William of Newburgh; and that the adjacent parish of *Binsley*, where the principal ford is supposed to have been, ought to be called, according to it's ancient Latin name, *Busneia*, *BUSNEY*, from the Greek *Βε*, an *Ox*. But it should be remembered, that there are many *kindred appellations* in and about *Oxford*, which conduce to illustrate and confirm my hypothesis. Need I mention *Bullington* Hundred, in which *Oxford* is situated, *Bullock's Lane*, and *Bullstock Bridge*? — Are not our frequent *Bull-baitings* in *Oxford* standing memorials of this *original* Denomination? The same Antiquarian, in his learned preface to † *Robert of Gloucester*, has certainly given a wrong interpretation of the origin of a custom still subsisting at *Oxford*, which plainly regards the point in question. His words are these. “ ’Tis no wonder that in the
 “ jollities of the first of May, formerly the cus-
 “ tom of blowing with, and drinking in, *horns*,
 “ so much prevailed: which, tho’ it be now
 “ generally disused, yet the *custom of blowing*
 “ them *prevails* at that season, even to this day,
 “ at *Oxford*; to remind the people of that part

† Pag. 18, 19.

“ of the year, which ought to create mirth and
 “ gaiety; such as is sketched out in some old
 “ books of offices, such as the Primer of Sa-
 “ lisbury, &c.” I leave it to the reader to draw
 the proper inference from this passage; and shall
 add, that I do not mean, by what I have advanced,
 to *exclude* Mr. *Hearne's* rational hypothesis.
 Why may we not suppose, by way of reconcil-
 ing both opinions, that the Ford was common
 to *horned* cattle in general? Nay, that even *Cows*
 had more concern in this case than is commonly
 supposed, seems very probable from the name of
 the neighbouring village, *Cowley*.

Having thrown new light on a circumstance
 which has occasioned so much dispute, the
 discussion of which was a proper introduction to
 the ensuing history, I now proceed to a parti-
 cular description.

It is well known, that before Colleges were
 established, the Students were lodged in private
 houses: at length places were set apart for
 their reception, under the appellation of *Hos-*
pitia, or *Hostels*; in other words Inns, or Tip-
 ling Houses; or, as our colleges are at present,
Places of Entertainment. Many of these still
 subsist, and retain their original occupation.
 Modern writers, indeed, mention no more than
 Twenty Colleges, and Five Halls, in this ex-

tensive Seat of Learning: But from a diligent enquiry, I have discovered no less than

T W E L V E H A L L S,

Never yet enumerated or described; namely,

TIT-UP HALL,	}	FOX HALL,
CLAY HALL,		FEATHER HALL,
CABBAGE HALL,		KETTLE HALL,
CATERPILLAR HALL,		TRIPLE HALL,
STUMP HALL,		WESTMINSTER
LEMON HALL,		HALL,

Lastly, to these we must add,

K I D N E Y H A L L,

- Which has been long in esteem as a flourishing *Seminary*; and has lately been re-founded by the Name of DIAMOND HALL.

With these HALLS we must mention a Thirteenth, formerly distinguished by the name of REDCOCK HALL: This House has been for some years unhappily alienated from the purposes of Literature, and is at present inhabited by two widow gentlewomen.

From some of these Halls, which are situated at a great distance from the Town, particularly TITUP-HALL, and KIDNEY-HALL, we may plainly

plainly perceive the vast Extent of this University in former Ages. And this consideration easily accounts for Archbishop *Usher's* seemingly paradoxical Assertion, that in the Reign of Henry the Third, 30,000 Students were resident in *Oxford*.

The prevailing notion is equally erroneous with regard to the number of our LIBRARIES. Besides those of *Radcliffe*, *Bodley*, and the private Colleges, there have of late years been many Libraries founded in our *Coffee-Houses*, for the benefit of such of the Academics as have neglected, or lost, their Latin and Greek. In these useful Repositories, *Grown Gentlemen* are accommodated with the *Cyclopædia*, in the most expeditious and easy manner.—The MAGAZINES afford History, Divinity, Philosophy, Mathematics, Geography, Astronomy, Biography, Arts, Sciences, and Poetry.—The REVIEWS, form the complete Critic, without consulting the dry Rules of Aristotle, Quintilian, and Bossu; and enable the Student to pass his judgment on volumes which he never read, after the most compendious method.—NOVELS supply the place of experience, and give Lectures of Intrigue and Gallantry.—OCCASIONAL POEMS diffuse the itch of rhyming, and happily tempt many a young fellow to forsake Logic, turn *smart*, and commence Author, either in the Pastoral,

Lyric, or Elegiac way. — POLITICAL PAMPHLETS teach the inexpediency of Continental Connections ; that for the punishment of French Perfidy, we should wage perpetual war with that nation ; and that our Conquests in America will raise the jealousy of *all Europe*.

As there are here Books suited to every Taste, so there are Liquors adapted to every species of reading. Amorous Tales may be perused over *Arrack Punch* and *Jellies* ; Insipid Odes, over *Orgeat* or *Capilaire* ; Politics, over *Coffee* ; Divinity, over *Port* ; and Defences of bad Generals, and bad Ministers, over *Whipt Syllabubs*. In a word, in these Libraries Instruction and Pleasure go hand in hand ; and we may pronounce, in a literal sense, that Learning remains no longer a *dry* pursuit.

The most ancient and considerable of these, is that in New-College-Lane, founded by the memorable Mr. *Johnson*. He was accordingly constituted the first Librarian, and upon his retiring to the *Isle of Wight*, for the private pursuit of his Studies, was succeeded by Librarian *Hadley*, who, though now removed, still accommodates *Students* on their way to *London* : and a *female* Librarian at present fills this important department with applause.

With

With regard to the *Manuscripts* of these Libraries, they are oblong folios, bound in parchment, lettered on the plan of Mr. *Locke's* Common Place Book; are written by, and kept under the sole care of the Librarian. These Manuscripts, which in process of time amount to many volumes, are carefully preserved in the *Archives* of each respective Library.

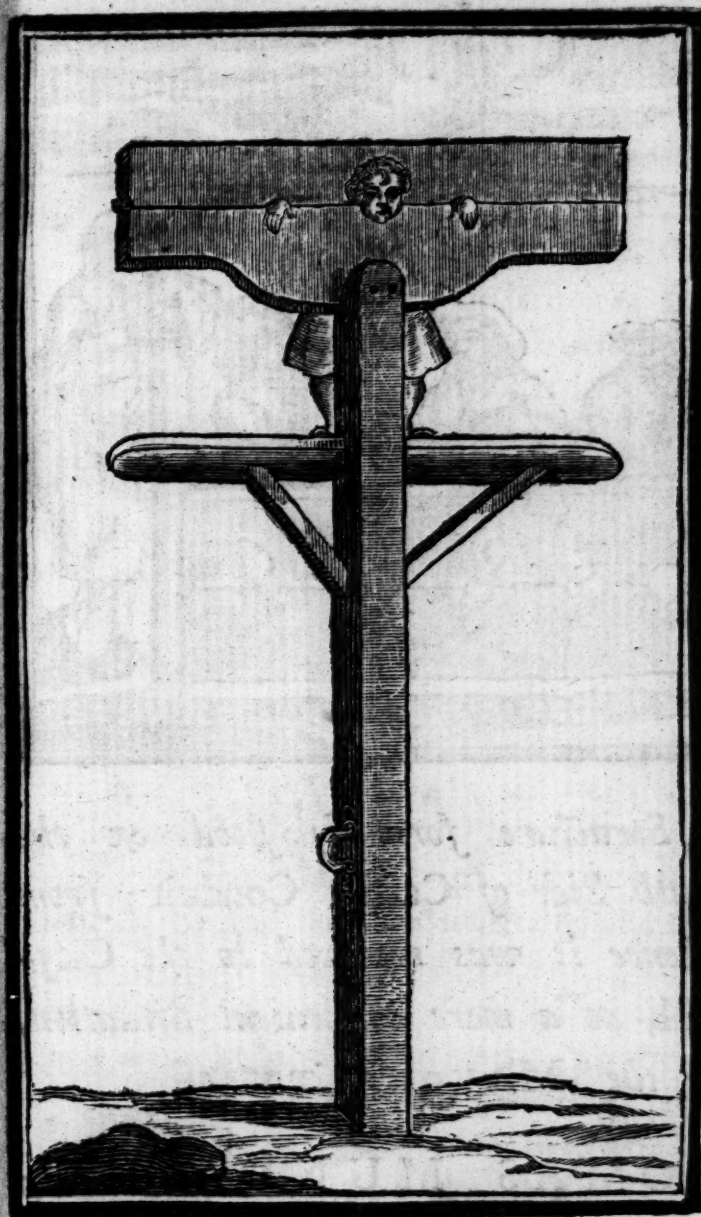
That the Reader may not be surprized at our mentioning a female Librarian in *Oxford*, (which indeed would be less extraordinary if Fellows of Colleges were allowed to marry) it must be remarked, that the other Libraries, established on this plan, viz. *James's*, *Tom's*, *John's*, &c. &c. are also conducted by Females; who, though properly the *Sub-Librarians*, have usurped the right of their Husbands in the execution of this office.

The SCHOOLS of this University are also more numerous than is commonly supposed; among which we must reckon three spacious and superb Edifices, situated to the southward of the High-Street, 100 feet long, by 30 in breadth, vulgarly called *Tennis Courts*, where *Exercise* is regularly performed both morning and afternoon. Add to these, certain Schools, familiarly denominated *Billiard Tables*, where

the *Laws of Motion* are exemplified, and which may be considered as a necessary Supplement to our Courses of Experimental Philosophy. Nor must we omit the many *Nine-pin* and *Skittle-alleys*, open and dry, for the instruction of Scholars in Geometrical Knowledge, and particularly, for proving the *centripetal* principle.

Other SCHOOLS, and places of Academical Discipline, not generally known as such, may be mentioned. — The *Peripatetics* execute the Courses proper to their System upon the *Parade*. NAVIGATION is learnt on the *Isis*; GUNNERY on the adjacent Hills; HORSEMANSHIP on *Port-Meadow*, *Bullington-Green*, the *Henley*, *Wycombe*, *Woodstock*, *Abingdon*, and *Banbury* Roads. The *Axis in Peritrochio* is admirably illustrated by a *Scheme* in a *Phaeton*. The Doctrine of the SCREW is practically explained most evenings in the private Rooms, together with the *Motion of Fluids*.

An inquisitive observer must likewise have remarked many Public Edifices, and other Curiosities, too frequently, but unjustly, neglected and overlooked, which ornament our streets. The first I shall take notice of, is, that formidable cruciform Structure of Wood, in the *Corn-Market*; having three rotund apertures on the vertical,





*This Structure formerly stood on the
South Side of Carfax Conduit ; from
whence it was removed to the City-
Hill, as a more convenient Situation,
in the MAYORALTY of*

THOMAS MUNDAY, Esq;
Anno M.DCC.LI.

vertical, or traverse, *Head - Board*. — It is surprising that this Edifice should have so long escaped observation in a Place of Literature: An Edifice, with which the Learned, and particularly the Poets, according to Mr. *Pope*, have been often *closely connected*.

Nearly contiguous to this Edifice, stands another less elevated Pile, constructed of the same materials, but better calculated for *Society*; though instituted upon the Principles of *Sobriety*. In both of these respectively, as the Statute in that case directs, Offenders *manibus pedibusque plectuntur*. But we refer the reader to the Prints annexed, which are delineated with the utmost accuracy.

In this neighbourhood, adjoining to the East End of *Carfax Church*, are to be found the imperfect Traces of a Place properly dedicated to the MUSES, and described in our Statutes, by the familiar but forbidding denomination of PENNYLESS-BENCH. History and Tradition, report, that many eminent Poets have been *Benchers* here. To this *Seat* of the Muses, we are most probably indebted for that celebrated Poem, the *Splendid Shilling* of Phillips: And that the Author of the

PANEGYRIC

PANEGYRIC on *Oxford Ale*, was no Stranger to this inspiring *Bench*, may be fairly concluded from these Verses, where he addresses the God, or Goddess, of TICKING,

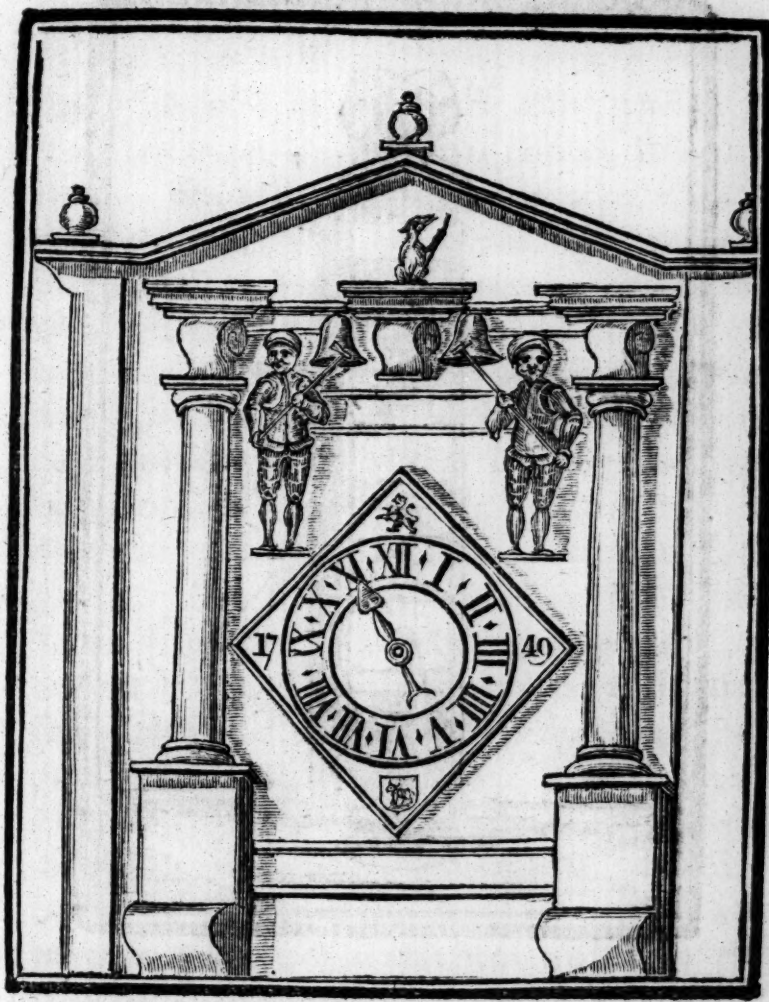
“ Beneath thy shelter *Pennylefs* I quaff

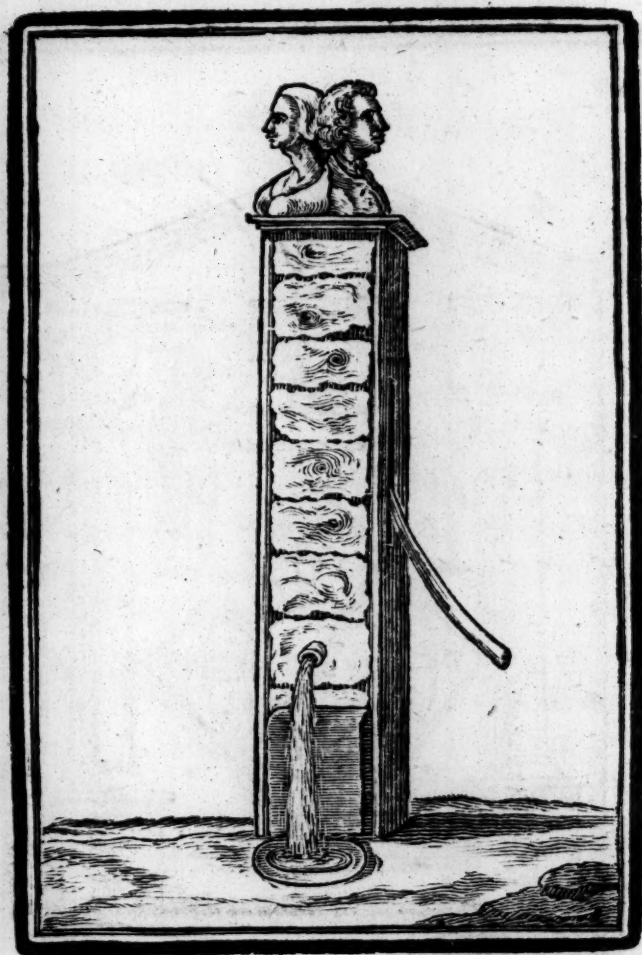
“ The cheering Cup.” —

We wish some future Genius may arise, to lament the change which Modern Barbarism has produced in this valuable Antiquity. — Nothing which formerly belonged to it now remains, except two ferocious Warriors, clad in Coats of Mail, originally placed above, to admonish the *Loiterers*, by their significant strokes, at just intervals, of the rapid flight of Time : as is represented in the annexed Cut.

The original Pavement of the *Classic* Ground beneath, has not indeed been destroyed ; but the *Seat* itself has been rudely torn away, and the Hospitable Covering which formerly protected the Sons of Contemplative Indigence, is at present abridged to an useless scanty *Border*, which looks like an *Apology* for the Devastation committed upon the former venerable Canopy.

At no very great distance, in the High-street, we find an antique COLUMN of a tetragonal construction,





construction, opposite to a venerable Gothic Building, called the *Black Pot House*. This Column at present supplies the neighbouring inhabitants with Water, by means of an Engine artfully inclosed in the midst of it; and as it still retains on it's top, two distinct Heads or Bustos, has acquired the vulgar appellation of the *Two-faced Pump*. — Various have been the Conjectures of the Learned concerning this inestimable Piece of Antiquity. The late industrious and indefatigable Dr. *Rawlinson* affirms it to have been a complete and genuine *Roman PRIAPUS*, but suspects that the *Members* have been impaired *vitio Temporis*. Others imagine that the *double Front* indicates a Statue of JANUS: But the most reasonable Hypothesis seems to be that of the truly ingenious Author of the MALLARD, who has discovered, that this Column is a just Matrimonial Emblem; as it plainly exhibits the Faces of a Man and Woman, but of a very *four Aspect*, and *reverted from each other*. This Hieroglyphic, he conceives is coeval with the University; and justly supposes, that it was here erected in the most public part of the Place, as a monitory *Memento* to the Gownsmen, recommending *Celibacy*, and a *monastic Life*.

Besides

Besides these curious particulars, observable in the Principal Streets, there are many others in the remote parts of the Town, which equally deserve illustration. — Science diffuses it's benign influence over the Suburbs of *Oxford*; in which stands a famous College, founded as early as the Conquest, where WISDOM may be truly said to preside. The Students of this House are always *resident*, and are lectured in ETHICS alone, on the subjects of *Temperance, Humility, Patience*, and other Virtues proper to Students of this Class. — Before the College-Gates, is the Place, where the first Process is performed on Bodies intended for the *Anatomical Lectures*.

Westward of this College is the *Dentritic Laboratory* of the celebrated Professor WEBB. The Portico is decorated with a *symbolical Painting*, and an *explanatory Inscription*. This distinguished *Dentist*, and *Dentologist*, co-operates with his Brother Professors, in the arduous and important Business, according to Mr. *Paul Jullion's* phrase, of *Rectifying Deficient Heads*.

In this Quarter of the Town, the Curious are likewise invited to visit an antique Pothouse, known by the Historical Sign of *Whittington*
and

and his Cat†. Here that laborious Antiquarian, Mr. *Thomas Hearne*, one evening, suffered himself to be overtaken in Liquor. But it should be remembered, that this Accident was more owing to his Love of Antiquity than of Ale. It happened that the Kitchen where He and his Companion were sitting, was neatly paved with *Sheep's Trotters*, disposed in various Compartments. After one Pipe, Mr. *Hearn*, consistently with his usual Gravity and Sobriety, proposed to depart; but his Friend, who was inclined to enjoy more of his Company, artfully observed, that the Floor on which they were then sitting, was no less than an original *tessellated Roman Pavement*. Out of respect to Classic Ground, and on recollection that the *Stunsfield Roman Pavement*, on which he had just published a Dissertation, was dedicated to *Bacchus*, our Antiquary cheerfully complied: an enthusiastic Transport seized his Imagination; he fell on his knees, and kissed the sacred earth, on which, in a few hours, and after a few tankards, by a sort of Sympathetic Attraction, he

† Some Biographers say the *Hole in the Wall*; which, as it exhibited the idea of a *Ruin*, must have been a tempting Sign to our Antiquarian. But if we consider, how many *Legends* have been written, and *old Stories* related, concerning that worthy Lord Mayor of London, Sir *Richard Whittington*, this House was at least equally likely to engage Mr. *Hearn's* Patronage.

was obliged to repose for some part of the evening. His Friend was probably in the same condition: but two Printers accidentally coming in, conducted Mr. *Hearn*, betwixt them, to *Edmund Hall*, with much state and solemnity.

Of this unusual proceſſion we have here annexed a lively representation, from an Original which has been kindly communicated by Mr. *Daniel Prince*.



As an Appendage to a Parish Church in the Northern Suburb, we find a small, but commodious Structure, dedicated to *Hymen*, whose Votaries are here kindly introduced to the Mysteries of that Deity, and receive their first Passport. The Officer to whom the care of this hallowed Edifice is committed, is an inhabitant of the Neighbourhood, and, by the force of an happy Invention, has emblematically decorated the Entrance of his House with a *Pair of Fetters*.

Having now specified various Curiosities, entirely omitted by former Writers on this Subject, I shall proceed to rectify their Mistakes and Misrepresentations, as well as supply their other Deficiencies.

We are told in that agreeable little History the *Pocket Companion for Oxford*, “ that *William Fitz Alan*, Earl of *Arundel*, left large Benefactions to the Society of *Magdalen College*, “ on condition of their celebrating *daily Masses* “ for his Soul;” and the Writer justly adds, that “ these *Masses* have been disused since the “ *Reformation*.” This sly suggestion has, at first sight, the appearance of charging the Fellows of *this College*, in particular, with open *Ingratitude* to their Benefactor: Whereas he
might

might have observed, with equal truth; that the very same *ungrateful* neglect with regard to *Masses* for the *Dead* is, without the least *scruple*, permitted at *New College*, *All Souls*, *Trinity*, *Corpus*, and other Colleges founded in the *Times of Popery*.

The same Author seems mistaken in his account of *Christ Church*, where he insinuates, that the *Cathedral* is turned into a *Chapel*. * In a Place of Religious Education this indeed is somewhat alarming; however, if the Fact be true, it is well the *Transformation* is no worse.— In *Oliver's* Time Churches suffered a still more extraordinary change, and were converted to the *vilest Purposes*. — May those who wish well to the University rather live to see all our *Chapels* turned into *Churches*!

However, while we are speaking of Churches, we must do this Author the justice to declare, that his account of *St. Mary's Church* is not less accurate than entertaining. Among other particulars he acquaints his Reader, that an Archdeacon of *Berks* gave an Organ to this Church, “*to be played upon in the same.*” †

* “The Cathedral Church serves as a Chapel to the College.” p. 90.

† In Wood's Manuscript, “*To be played upon in the same on festival Days;*” But there is a beautiful conciseness, arising from the omission of the last insignificant circumstance,

The History and Antiquity of *Mulberry Trees* is a subject on which the same Writer has employed much labour. He surprizes us with a most unparalleled Anecdote of the Mulberry Tree at *New College*; which, after being “di-
 “metrically sawn asunder at both ends, put
 “forth luxuriant branches.” This miraculous article of Natural Knowledge led us to examine the Age and Present State of those which he mentions at *Lincoln College*.——“They were
 “planted, says he, at the expence of Dr. Fitz-
 “herbert Adams, Rector of the College, A. D.
 “1686; they are remarkably large, and are
 “said to bear excellent fruit.” On visiting these venerable Vegetables, within these two years, instead of this *flourishing condition*, I found one of them a naked Trunk, without Branches.†—Nor has he done complete justice to the *Lincoln Devil*; for he suggests that this *grotesque figure* may be most commodiously seen from a spot near the said Mulberry Trees: But from an attentive Survey, I have discovered, that the true Point of Sight, for contemplating to advantage,

† It is reported, that this *Trunk* has lately put forth *luxuriant branches*, which have born *excellent Fruit*, as when in its original *flourishing condition*. As a convincing proof of this fact, it is humbly hoped the Burfar of *Lincoln* will send a Plate of Mulberries, next season, warranted to be the genuine product of the said Trunk, to the Author, at his Publisher’s in the *High-Street*.

the tremendous aspect, and threatening attitude of this expressive Hieroglyphic, is from the south east Angle of *Jesus College*.

Having mentioned *Jesus College*, it is our Duty to remark, that a proper attention has not yet been paid to the magnificent Present of the late Sir *Watkins William Wynne*, Bart. The *Punch-Bowl* given by that Gentleman to the College, contains Ten Gallons; and this Piece of Plate has, it is true, been often described: but the *Ladle*, its *Companion*, which holds a full *Winchester Half Pint*, has been always unjustly, for what Reason we know not, overlooked; though it is an established custom, when Strangers visit the Bursary, where this Bowl is kept, to fill the *Ladle* alone to the Memory of the worthy Donor.

Mr. *Hearn*, already mentioned with Honour in this Work, could never be prevailed on to pass through the *Turl*, after the unfortunate demolition of that venerable Arch, the Remains of a Postern-Gate, which formerly stood at its Entrance: I, though a professed Antiquarian, am not so scrupulous; but shall readily take advantage of the shortest Way, from *Jesus College* to *Trinity*. — Here the accurate Author of the *Pocket Companion* informs us, that the Roof of
the

the Chapel is ornamented with a "curious
 " *Deceptio Visus*, or Deception of the Sight." I
 am apt to conjecture, that this Error is not to be
 imputed to the Author; but that the Information
 was communicated by some *Trinity-Gentleman*;
 which, it must be owned, was *ungenerous*.

In his entertaining Description of the *Gardens*
 of the same College, this Topographer seems
 perplexed in accounting for the Existence of
 a large Toad, found alive in sawing asunder a
 massy Block of Stone, at the Time of building
 the Piers of the Gate. His Words are, "This
 " Toad, for aught we know, might have been
 " here ever since the Deluge. But this is a
 " Point to be discussed by Naturalists, to whom
 " I leave it."—As the Elucidation of a Circum-
 stance of such Public Utility must be of the ut-
 most Consequence, I take this Opportunity of
 apprising that Author, before his next Edition,
 that the *British Musæum* contains a valuable
 MS. of Dr. *Plott*, in which among other
 Subjects, equally interesting, is to be found a
 masterly Dissertation on the Longævity of
Antediluvian Toads. *

* This MS. has many Drawings of Stones in an unusual
 Shape: And there is a whole Chapter on Stones of that Class,
 of which an extraordinary one is described, in his *Natural*
History of Oxfordshire, viz,----" The *Didymoides* found in the

It is vulgarly supposed, that the custom of ushering in the Boar's Head, at *Queen's College*, with an antient Monkish Ballad, arose from a memorable atchievement of a Taberdar of that House; who is said to have killed a Wild Boar in the forest of *Shotover*, by ramming *Aristotle's* System of Logic down the Throat of the Monster. That a Taberdar of *Queen's* once killed a Wild-Boar in the forest of *Shotover*, is a fact which I do not presume to controvert or deny: but I can venture to affirm, and I hope without offence, that the Song was, in ancient Times, a *Christmas Carol* all over the Kingdom; and I shall take this opportunity of inserting here an original and correct Copy of it, from Mr. *Hearn's* Notes and Spicilege on *William of Newburg*, together with his pertinent introductory Remarks.

“ *Reynard the Fox* was one of the first things
 “ printed in England, being done by the famous
 “ William Caxton, in the year 1481. It was
 “ an *admirable* thing; and the design being
 “ political, and to represent a wise Government,
 “ was equally good: So little reason is there to

“ Quarries of Rubble-stone, near Shotover Hill, having upon it
 “ both the *Rugosity* and *Suture* of the *Scrotum*:---Of which,
 “ out of Modesty, I have given no Sculpture.”

Edit. 1705. pag. 132. ch. v. §. 155.

“ look

“ look upon this as a poor despicable book.
 “ Nor is there more reason to esteem *The merry*
 “ *Tales of the Mad Men of Gotham*, (which was
 “ much valued and cried up in Henry the
 “ Eighth’s time, tho’ now sold at Ballad Singers
 “ Stalls, the Author whereof was Dr. Andrew
 “ Borde) as altogether a Romance; a certain
 “ skilful Person having told me more than once,
 “ that he was assured by one of *Gotham*, that
 “ they formerly held Lands there by such Sports
 “ and Customs as are touched upon in this book :
 “ for which reason I think *particular Notice*
 “ should have been taken of it in *Blount’s Te-*
 “ *nures*, as I do not doubt but there would, had
 “ that *otherwise curious* Author been apprised
 “ of the matter. But ’tis *strange* to see the
 “ *Changes* that have been made in the Book of
 “ *Reynard the Fox*, from the *original* Edition.
 “ I shall not give other Instances of Alterations
 “ in Old English Pieces, only I will beg leave
 “ here to give an exact Copy of the *Christmas*
 “ *Carol upon the Boar’s Head* (which is an
 “ ancient Dish, and was brought up by King
 “ Henry I. with Trumpets before his Son,
 “ when his said Son was crowned) as I have it
 “ in an *Old Fragment* (for I usually preserve
 “ even Fragments of Old Books) of the *Christ-*
 “ *mas Carols* printed by Wynkin de Worde,
 “ (who, as well as Richard Pynson, was ser-
 B 3 “ vant

“ want to William Caxton) by which it will
 “ be perceived, how much the same Carol is
 “ altered, as it is sung in *some places* § even now,
 “ from what it was at first. It is the last thing,
 “ it seems, of the book, which I never yet saw
 “ entire; and at the same time I think it proper
 “ also to add the Printer’s Conclusion, for this
 “ Reason at least, that such as write about our
 “ first Printers, may have some Notice of the
 “ Date of this Book, and the exact place
 “ where printed, provided they cannot be able
 “ to meet with it, as I believe they will find it
 “ pretty difficult to do, it being much laid aside
 “ about the time, that some of *David’s Psalms* *
 “ came to be used in it’s stead.”

¶ A Caroll bringyng in the Bores Head.

“ ¶ Caput Apri † differo,

“ Reddens † Laudens domino.

“ The Bores Heed in hande bring I

“ With Garlands gay and Rosemary,

“ I pray you all sing merely

“ Qui estis in convivio.

§ An Insinuation, cunningly, but plainly levelled at the Gentlemen of *Queen’s*.

* “ Certaine of *(Davids Psalmes intended for Christmas)*
 “ Carolls fitted to the most common but solemne tunes,
 “ every where familiarly used: By William Slayter, &c. 1630.

† “ *Sic, pro defero.*

† “ *Sic, pro laudes.*

“ ¶ The

“ ¶ The Bores Heed I underffande
“ Is the § thefe Servyce in this Lande
“ Loke where ever it be fande
“ Servite cum Cantico.

“ ¶ Be gladdes Lordes both more and lasse
“ For this hath ordeyned our Steward
“ To chere you all this Christmaffe
“ The Bores Heed with Mustarde.

F I N I S.

“ Thus endeth the Christmas Carolles newly em-
“ printed at London in the Flete Strete at the Syne
“ of the Sonne by Wynkyn de Worde. The yere
“ of our Lorde M. D. xxi.” †

To this choice Carol the same Remark
may be literally applied which Mr. Hearn has
given us concerning an old Almanack, printed
in the Year 1520, and preserved in *Yesus College*
Library. “ It is rude, and very little is to be
“ gathered from it: YET 'TIS A CURIOSITY”.*

Whilst we are so near the Parish Church
of *St. Peter* in the East, which is allowed to be
the most ancient Ecclesiastical Structure in Eng-

§ “ *Sic, pro chese.*”

† Hearn's Not. et Spicileg. ad Gulielm. Neubrig. Vol. Tert.
pag. 743. et seq.

* Hearn. Ibid. pag. 750.

land, we cannot help complimenting the sagacious Compiler of the *Pocket Companion*, for a genuine Discovery relating to this Parish, omitted by all other Writers:—" This Parish, says " he, has more to boast of than any one in " *Europe* besides; for it contains, — two " Peals of ten Bells, and one of Six; and three " Organs: Two of which belong to Chapels, " where Cathedral Service is performed twice " a Day, and the other to the Mother Church." — It has been insinuated, to the Prejudice of this Writer, that the circumstance of the Bells was inserted by desire of that industrious Antiquarian, the late *Browne Willis*, Esq; who it is well known had a *Passion* for Bells, and had accordingly collected complete Catalogues of all the Peals throughout the Kingdom: But I have the Authority of this ingenious Writer, to assure the Public, that Dr. *Willis* never made any such Application, and that this curious Hint was entirely the Result of his own Discernment and Observation.

The same delightful *Companion of the Pocket for Oxford*, in his Description of the *Magdalen Hieroglyphics*, has omitted many curious pieces of Hieroglyphical Imagery which adorn the *Outside* of the College, towards the Physic-Garden. Whether these Sculptures, like those
within,

within, comprehend "an exact System of Morals," has not yet been determined by the *Oedipus Magdalenensis*. The most valuable of them seems to be a Figure near the Tower, which I take to be a *Caricature* of the Laughing Philosopher *Democritus*. Laughter is visibly and strongly expressed by the Mouth, and as Milton speaks, *he is holding both his Sides*. It must be confessed, that the Spout between the Legs is somewhat fantastically placed; and, indeed, there are some other grotesque Circumstances, which, I suppose were introduced to conceal the Character, and give the Figure a mysterious Air, but which may yet imply some latent meaning, not obvious to the common Observer. This Representation of a *laughing Philosopher* seems to be properly and significantly situated at the Entrance into the Town, to admonish Strangers, and particularly the Young Student, that Science is not inconsistent with Good-Humour, and that Scholars are a *merrier* Set of People than the World is apt to imagine. *

* In a Work which professes to supply the Defects of preceding Writers, it may justly seem matter of surprise, that I should have neglected to describe and explain at large, the numerous Hieroglyphics, which ornament not only this, but the rest of our most antient and considerable Colleges. It is, indeed; not less surprising, that such a Disquisition should so long have remained a *Desideratum* in Antiquarian Literature; and that *Anthony a Wood* himself, with all his Industry and Curiosity,

I cannot take leave of the abovementioned Author's Account of our Colleges, without lamenting a very important Omission which he has injudiciously made, in a late Edition of his excellent Performance. It is in his Description of one of our largest Colleges; where he formerly took notice of a certain spacious Structure, which, to use his own Phraseology, "is "capacious enough to accommodate the whole Society at an instant." A singular and very striking image is here conveyed to the Imagination; of which, however, we hope, Mr. *Hogarth* will not be so disingenuous, as to take advantage.

The usual accuracy of the *Companion*, on all Subjects, obliges us here to ask an obvious

should have said nothing more on this very material Article, than, that "One Oedipus is not sufficient for the Magdalen Hieroglyphics alone." [Hist. & Antiq. Univ. Oxon. L. 2. p. 211.] I hope the candid Reader will excuse the Omission in this place, as I am preparing for the Press a Work, entitled, OEDIPUS OXONIENSIS, or a Complete System of Oxford Hieroglyphics: by which it will be demonstrated, that our Spouts, Battlements, Parapets, Buttresses, Arches, Window-Frames, &c. are pregnant with enigmatical Knowledge, and that the Stone Walls of Oxford afford a comprehensive Course of Science.-----The distorted Features, extravagant Combinations, and human Monsters, which at present only serve to perplex or amuse the gazing Stranger, will, when thus severally divested of their typical Obscurity, appear to be the Work of ancient Genius and Wisdom, and be resolved into most agreeable Lessons of rational Instruction.

Question,

Question, Why he has omitted another Edifice of this species at *All Souls*?—As this Building is in the style of modern Architecture, what it wants in *capacity*, which is allowed to be perfectly consistent with the Gothic proportions of that just mentioned, is abundantly supplied in *elegance*. It is evidently not calculated to *accommodate* the whole Society at the same instant; yet notwithstanding we think that *polite* Monarch, King *Charles* the second, would have given it the preference in a case of *necessity*. Strength and Magnificence are here happily exchanged for Taste and Contrivance. It is handsomely fashioned, neatly wainscotted, adorned with characteristical prints, and properly surrounded with *flowering* shrubs: We do not remember, that the Author of the *Dialogue on DECENCY* has mentioned *Mahogany*, as an article of *furniture* in buildings of this sort.

Nor is it less extraordinary that the *Companion* should have entirely forgot to describe another Structure of this class, at *Magdalen*, with the *Cascade* adjoining. This is not less pleasantly than commodiously situated†; and as at *All Souls*, *Cloacina* is reconciled to the *Graces*, so she is

† “Ad amœnissimi, says *Wood*, simul et *piscosissimi* *Cherwelli* “fluente, consitum, &c.” Ut *supr.* 2. 211.

here happily introduced to the acquaintance of the *Naiads* of *Cherwell*.

When I first planned this Work, nothing more was intended than a *Supplementary Detail* of those Particulars which had been omitted, or misrepresented by other Writers who have professed to describe *Oxford*. But as it is become customary to subjoin a Description of the Neighbouring Seats, I find it necessary to comply with the Fashion, and also to correct the Mistakes, and supply the Deficiencies of Others, in this Particular.

About a mile north-west of this City, stands the Seat of Mr. *Potter*, called *MEDLEY-HOUSE*, delightfully situated on the Banks of the *Isis*. It is elegantly built of hewn stone, having two beautiful Wings, with commodious Offices. The Front, besides the River, and a Walk shaded with Horse-Chesnuts, commands an *extensive* Prospect over *Port-Meadow*. On the North is a delightful Grove.—Mr. *Potter*, who, in consideration of his distinguished Eminence in that Profession, was the first *Tooth-Drawer* that ever *retired* from Business, keeps an hospitable House, and is always glad to wait upon his Friends.

Although

Although the present Edifice be modern, yet the Antiquities of this Place are more remarkable than is generally supposed; as will appear from the following *learned* and *entertaining* account, delivered by Mr. *Hearn*.

“ One of the places where the Nuns [of
 “ Godstowe] used to *recreate* themselves was
 “ *Midley*, or *Medley*, a large House between
 “ *Godstowe* and *Oxford*. Being in the *midway*,
 “ it thence received the Name. In some writings,
 “ I have seen it called the *Townlet*, or
 “ *Township* of *Midley*: whence I gather, that
 “ there were formerly *more houses* than *one*. It
 “ belonged to Godstowe, being given to the
 “ Nunnery in King Henry the Second's Time,
 “ by *Robert de Witham*, who had three Daughters
 “ that were Nuns at *Godstowe*. This Donation
 “ was afterwards confirmed by *Vincent de*
 “ *Witham*, Son to the said *Robert*. *Vincent*
 “ likewise gave lands, situated in another place,
 “ to the Nunnery; and this he did, not only
 “ upon his Father's, but upon his own account,
 “ he having two Daughters that were Nuns
 “ there. The *Withams* were persons of great
 “ Note and Distinction. *Rosamond* was well
 “ acquainted in the family, and received signal
 “ favours from it. She became acquainted there
 “ by her interest with the Nuns of *Godstowe*. The
 “ same

“ same acquaintance made the Family respected
 “ by King Henry the Second. It was customary
 “ for *Rosamond* to come to *Medley* with the
 “ Nuns, and *much mirth* passed on such occasions,
 “ the place being very *pleasantly situated* just
 “ by the River, and care being taken that no
 “ disturbances should be given to them, when-
 “ ever they had a mind, which in *summer time*
 “ was frequent, to *solace* themselves here.
 “ There was the more need for preventing such
 “ disturbances, because of the great Concourse
 “ of Persons that came from *Oxford*, and other
 “ places, to *divert* themselves here, it being
 “ celebrated for its *pleasantness*: as it has been
 “ since also a famous place for *recreation* in
 “ summer time: whence it is, that *George Wi-*
 “ *thers* writes thus, in a Love-Sonnet, printed
 “ in the Year 1620.

“ In summer time to *Medley*
 “ My Love and I would goe,
 “ The Boate-Men there stood ready,
 “ My Love and I to rowe.
 “ For Creame there would we call,
 “ For Cakes, for Prunes too;
 “ But now alas sh’ as left me!
 “ Falero, lero, loo.” *

It seems surprizing that Mr. *Hearn*, when he
 quoted this very poetical Stanza of Mr. *George*
Withers,

* *Hearn*, Not. & Spicileg. ut sup. pag. 755, 756.

Withers, should not recollect, that his Love-sonnet was plainly copied from a song older by two years at least, being printed in the year 1618, supposed, with great probability to be written by *Taylor* the Water-Poet, and preserved in *Wood's* judicious collection of black-letter Ballads, now repositied in the *Ashmolean Museum*. The Burden of this ancient ditty, as my reader must have already felt from *Withers's* Sketch, has a pleasing plaintive air, and breathes the true elegiac spirit of disappointed Love.

The True Lover's LAMENTATION,

For the Loss of his SUSAN.

“ OH how my heart is burning,
 “ And beats within my Breast,
 “ Skips too and fro, and yearning
 “ Will never let me rest;
 “ 'Tis you I love, sweet *Susan*,
 “ 'Tis you and only you,
 “ Why then will you refuse one,
 “ Falero, lero, loo.

“ When first I came a courting,
 “ And ask'd you for my Wife,
 “ You thought I was but sporting,
 “ And meant not Love for Life;
 “ Oh then I was your chief care,
 “ My Hose and Jerkin new,
 “ But now they are worn thread-bare,
 “ Falero, lero, loo.

" To *Greenwich* or to *Wandsworth* Fairs,

" My Love and I would goe,

" The Watermen stood at the Stairs,

" My Love and I to rowe;

" I gave her Nuts and Cheese-Cakes,

" With Knots and Garters too,

" And all the Geer of Country-Wakes,

" Falero, lero, loo.

" Perhaps the Oyster-Wives would hoot,

" And Basket-Women prate,

" To *Covent-Garden* who bring Fruit,

" Or Fish to *Billingsgate*;

" But they might hoot and prate their fill,

" If One I'd made of Two,

" And lur'd sweet *Susan* to my Will,

" Falero, lero, loo.

" Oh sure she is the sweetest

" Of any in the land,

" Her Legs and Feet the neatest,

" And lily white her Hand,

" Her Bosom is so rounded,

" With Sapphire Veins so blue,

" Beneath the touch it bounded,

" Falero, lero, loo.

" Her Waist is small and taper,

" Her Forehead knows no frown,

" Her Skin is like White Paper,

" Her Hair like Whity-brown;

" Her Lips are red as Coral,

" And oh they stick like glue,

" With a charm delightful for all,

" Falero, lero, loo.

" Ah why had I not rich Riches,
 " Or why was I so true,
 " Since Gold alone bewitches
 " The Heart of lovely *Sue* ?
 " Since now alas she leaves me
 " My folly for to rue,
 " And cruelly deceives me,
 " Falero, lero, loo.

" Remember tuneful *Taylor*,
 " Ye Swans of silver *Thame*,
 " No more shall I regale her,
 " And teach your Notes her Name :
 " No more, in many a pleasant jant,
 " Like Turtle-Dove I coo,
 " But like an Owl am doom'd to chant
 " Falero, lero, loo.

But to return to Mr. *Hearn's* Remarks on *Med-
 ley*. Whether this Place, at present be frequented
 by vestal Virgins, as formerly, I shall not un-
 dertake to determine: However it still retains
 its original Character, by affording the purposes
 of much *Mirth, Recreation, and Solace*.

We wonder Mr. *Hearn*, a few pages after-
 wards, should affirm, that we meet with no re-
 markable Monuments in the neighbouring
 Church Yard of *Binsfey*, or *Busney*, except that
 of Mr. *Thomas Crutch*, who lately lived at *Med-
 ley*, bore a good character, and is always spoken
 of

of by the Inhabitants of *Binsley* with particular respect †.— However he has endeavoured to supply this palpable Defect, by giving some Epitaphs from the Church-Yard at *Headington*; after which he adds,

“ Robert Burton of Highfield lies under this Stone,
“ Who lived at Highfield one hundred years and one.

“ Though I have thought this Epitaph worth
“ noting, yet it is nothing near so remarkable
“ as that to old *Daniel Jones*, Clerk of *Rixam*,
“ who, as he wore a very long Beard (yet no-
“ thing near so long as that wore by the famous
“ Painter, *John Vermeyen*, born at *Beverwyck* in
“ *Holland*, in the year 1500, who was com-
“ monly called *John with the great Beard*, which
“ he took great Pride to nourish, it being so
“ long, that though he was tall himself, yet he
“ could stand upright when it touched the
“ ground; I say as old *Daniel Jones* had a very
“ long Beard) so he ordered particular care to
“ be taken of it after his death, so as to be bu-
“ ried with him. Thus the Epitaph.

“ Here under lyeth among these Stones,
“ The Beard the Flesh and eke the Bones,
“ Of *Rixam* Clerk, old *Daniel Jones*.”

Ibid. pag. 763.

† Ut supr. pag. 767.

Daniel

Daniel Jones, as he must have derived a venerable Aspect, from this comely length of Beard, so I presume there was a Gravity in his Carriage, and Solemnity in his Character, suitable to his Calling: Qualities well worthy the Imitation of our modern Parish Clerks, particularly those in Market-Towns! — But I beg pardon for this short Digression, and return to the Subject.

In pursuing the Course of so delightful a River, one might reasonably have expected to find many other agreeable SEATS; but being unluckily disappointed, we must conduct the Traveller, in his Way to *Blenheim*, to the pleasant *Villa* of *WILLIAM IVES, Esq;* a worthy Alderman of *Oxford*, at *BEOBROOK*. The House is small, but snug and commodious. The Garden, and it's Environs, are adorned with Statues; the most striking of which, is *Aeneas* supporting his Father *Anchises*. The Prospect is terminated by *Kidlington Spire*.

The *Pocket Companion*, in describing the Garden at *Elsfield*, affirms with great confidence, that most of the Seats in Oxfordshire may be seen from this delightful Spot. The Prospect, I confess, is extensive, various, and beautiful: But I am apt to suspect that *Cumner-Hurst*, and other Eminencies which bend northward, and are very
opaque

opaque bodies, must intercept Mr. *Leniball's* at *Burford*, *Blandford Lodge*, Lady *Wheat's* at *Glympton*, Lord *Guildford's* at *Wroxton*, Mr. *Keck's* at *Great-Tew*, Mr. *Page's* at *North-Aston*, &c. — I cannot apprehend that *Sherborne-Castle*, the Seat of Lord *Macclesfield*, or Lord *Harcourt's* at *Newnham*, are visible in the clearest Day. Nor is it agreed on all hands that Mr. *Whorwood's* at *Holton*, and Mr. *Schutz's* at *Shotover*, are discernible, even with the help of a Telescope.

The same writer indeed, very justly remarks, that this Garden “has several Canals, and *Fish-ponds*, and that it is adorned by it's learned Owner with many *modern antiquities* of various Kinds and Countries.” — But as the reader cannot collect any clear or distinct Information from so general a Detail, I shall add, that one of the *modern antiquities* here hinted at, is a *Druidical Temple*, lately erected upon the plan of Dr. *Stukely*. This Temple may be properly stiled a *modern Antiquity*, on more accounts than one: it is undoubtedly a true Specimen of *Druidical Architecture*, but it is most unluckily shaded by a *Walnut-tree* instead of an *Oak*. I cannot help mentioning with some concern, that such an *Innovation* in the Garden of a *real Antiquarian* is a *bad precedent*, and may be attended with pernicious Consequences: although I have
been

been informed, that, to palliate the matter, the *learned Owner* has more than once inoculated this Walnut Tree with a slip of genuine *Welch Mistletoe*, but without Effect. — As then they are incompatible *together*, I would advise him either to destroy the Temple or the Tree: and by this means, in vindication of his character, the real truth would appear to the world, whether he loves *Wallnuts* or *Antiquity* best. — In a word, was any other *modern Antiquarian* to place a circular Series of Stones, under *Jo. Pullen's Tree*, on *Heddington-Hill*, where indeed some Specimens of such a design are already to be seen, the inconsistency would be obvious to all our *young Antiquarians*, who constantly visit it Morning and Afternoon: notwithstanding that venerable Elm, in consideration of its learned Planter, its Beauty, its eminent Situation, academical Connections, and other respectable Circumstances, has a fairer claim than most Trees, to be dignified with *Druidical Honours*, and be made the *Representative* of an Oak.

been informed, that to palliate the matter, the
newly created has more than once insinuated
this Vice with a tip of genuine Vice
to make the wisdom thick. — As then they
are inconsistent as well, I would advise them
rather to defend the rights of the Vice, and
of this means in vindication of his character,
the real truth would appear to the world, whe-
ther he loves Virtue or anything else. — In
a word, was any other man a Quaker to
place a circular letter of some kind, or
other Vice, on his table, when he had
no business to do a thing of the kind?
The fact, the inconsistency would be obvious
to all our countrymen, who constantly visit
us Morning and Afternoon: notwithstanding
that venerable Sir, in consideration of his learned
position, his history, his connections, and
other respectable connections, and other respectable
connections, has a fair claim than most of us to
be regarded with respect, and his
made the Representative of an Oak.

F I N I S

O
A

O
lic
St

This Day is published,

[Necessary to be bound up with this Pamphlet]

Price *only* One Shilling,

THE New OXFORD GUIDE:
O R,
Companion through the UNIVERSITY.

EXHIBITING

Every Particular worthy the Observation of the CURIOUS,
in each of the PUBLIC BUILDINGS, COLLEGES, HALLS, &c.

To which is added,


A TOUR to BLENHEIM, DITCHLEY, and STOW:
The SEATS of His Grace the Duke of MARLBOROUGH, the
Right Hon. the Earl of LITCHFIELD, and the Right Hon. the
Earl TEMPLE. Containing, an accurate Description of their *Tapestry,*
Paintings, Sculptures, Temples, Gardens, and other Curiosities.

By a GENTLEMAN of OXFORD.

*Built nobly, pure the Air, and light the Soil,
ATHENS! the Eye of Greece, Mother of Arts
And Eloquence, native to famous Wits,
And hospitable; in her sweet Reces,
City or Suburban, studious Walks and Shades!*

Printed for J. Fletcher in the Turl, S. Parker in the High-Street,
Oxford; and H. Payne, at Dryden's Head, in Pater-noster-Row, London:
And may be had of the Booksellers in Town and Country.

To the PUBLIC.

 To prevent Impositions, the Author of the NEW
OXFORD GUIDE takes this Opportunity of acquainting the Pub-
lic, that the abovementioned TOUR to BLENHEIM, DITCHLEY and
Stow, has been transcribed, and printed at the End of a Work entitled
The

The Pocket Companion for Oxford. This Attempt has been no less injudiciously conducted, than injuriously designed. The Transcriber has adopted the *Plan* of the *Toux* in the *NEW GUIDE*, and has in many Instances preserved the very Words; but, in Order to disguise the *Plagiarism*, he has either omitted or shortened the Description of many Particulars, has substituted Expressions of his own, much worse than those which are found in his *Autor*, and in general, has misrepresented his *Original* by an imperfect and unskilful *Imitation*. In the mean Time it is thought proper to repeat here a Part of the *Preface* to the *NEW OXFORD GUIDE*.

“Accounts of this Kind are too frequently drawn from Tradition, and
 “retailed from printed Descriptions. The following Work is founded
 “on actual Observation, and compiled from a real and attentive Survey
 “of every particular which it describes. For this Reason, we have been
 “enabled to exhibit a more circumstantial and authentic Detail of this
 “entertaining Subject, than any yet extant. We have rectified the
 “Mistakes of former Writers, we have displayed many Curiosities hitherto
 “unknown or overlooked, and we have placed Things, before
 “described, in a more clear and advantageous Light.----Although we
 “have had Predecessors in this Attempt, we claim the Merit of being
 “Original. We have nothing in common with others, but the Subject;
 “the Colouring will be found to be different, and the Execution new.”

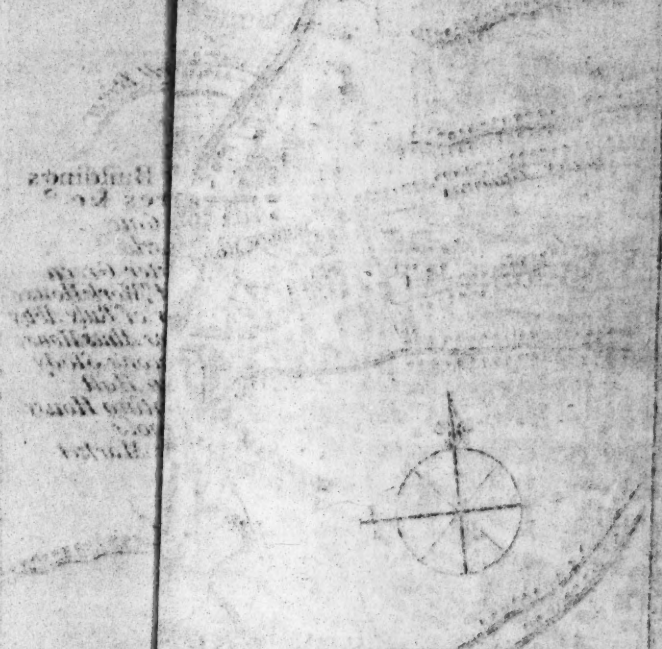
*** Be careful to ask for the **NEW OXFORD GUIDE**.

To the PUBLIC

To the Public, the Author of the *NEW OXFORD GUIDE* has the pleasure to inform you, that the second Edition of this Work is now published, and is sold by the same Booksellers as the first Edition. The second Edition is corrected and enlarged, and contains many new and interesting particulars, which were not in the first Edition. The Author is sensible, that the first Edition was not perfect, and he is glad to have an opportunity of correcting the many mistakes and omissions, which were in it. He is also glad to have an opportunity of adding many new and interesting particulars, which were not in the first Edition. The second Edition is sold by the same Booksellers as the first Edition, and is sold at the same price as the first Edition.

Chart of the River of St. Lawrence

By J. B. de la Roche, Esq.
 Surveyed by J. B. de la Roche, Esq.
 in the year 1765.
 Published by J. B. de la Roche, Esq.
 in the year 1765.



By J. B. de la Roche, Esq.
 Surveyed by J. B. de la Roche, Esq.
 in the year 1765.
 Published by J. B. de la Roche, Esq.
 in the year 1765.

A PLAN of the UNIVERSI

Churches in Oxford.

- | | | |
|--|---|----------------------------------|
| a. <i>S^t Giles's</i> | f. <i>S^t Thomas's</i> | l. <i>S^t Clements</i> |
| b. <i>S^t Mary Magd.</i> | g. <i>All Saints</i> | m. <i>Merton Church</i> |
| c. <i>S^t Michael's</i> | h. <i>S^t Mary's</i> | n. <i>The Cathedral</i> |
| d. <i>S^t Martins</i> | i. <i>S^t Peter's in the East</i> | o. <i>S^t Aldates</i> |
| e. <i>S^t Peters le Bailey</i> | k. <i>Hollywell Church</i> | p. <i>S^t Ebb's</i> |



Streets and Lanes.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. <i>Ship Lane</i> | 17. <i>S^t Mary Hall Lane</i> |
| 2. <i>Jesus College Lane</i> | 18. <i>Magpye Lane</i> |
| 3. <i>New Inn Hall Lane</i> | 19. <i>Logie Lane</i> |
| 4. <i>Butcher Row Street</i> | 20. <i>Coach & Horses La</i> |
| 5. <i>Castle Street</i> | 21. <i>Edmund Hall Lane</i> |
| 6. <i>Filthouse Lane</i> | 22. <i>Exeter College Lane</i> |
| 7. <i>Bullocks Lane</i> | 23. <i>Lincoln College Lane</i> |
| 8. <i>S^t Thomas's Street</i> | 24. <i>Rose Lane</i> |
| 9. <i>High Bridge Street</i> | 25. <i>King Street</i> |
| 10. <i>S^t Ebb's Street</i> | |
| 11. <i>Penny Farthing Str.</i> | |
| 12. <i>Beef Lane</i> | |
| 13. <i>Brewers Lane</i> | |
| 14. <i>South Street</i> | |
| 15. <i>Bridge Street</i> | |
| 16. <i>Bear Lane</i> | |

UNIVERSITY and CITY of OXFORD.

